# C C OPERATION MANUAL

### **ELECTRIC MINI CHAIN HOIST MACHINE**



# **DUKE Electric Mini Chain Hoist Introduction**

The DUKE Electric Builder's Winch is designed for building sites, commercial and domestic, as well as various construction workplaces, such as warehousing, buildings, storage areas, factories in general, as well as domestic applications.

### **CONTENTS**

1.	Prelace	3
2.	Safety Instruction · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4
	2-1 Safety regulations · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2-1-1 General safety rules · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2-1-2 Electrical safety rules · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2-1-3 Safety rules of hoist · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	6
	2-2. Location of warning sign, CE mark, nameplate	7
	2-3. All safety related elements · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9
	2-4. Checklist of electrical and safety function · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	10
3.	Mini Chain Hoist Description · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11
	3-1 General characteristics · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11
	3-1-1 Usages · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11
	3-1-2 Features · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	11
	3-2 Specifications · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	12
	3-3 Overall dimensions · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	13
	3-4 Working space required and operating position · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	14
	3-5 Main units and name · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	15
4.	Pre-use Preparation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16
	4-1 Notice and inspection before operating · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16
	4-1-1 Mechanical Check · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16
	4-1-2 Electrical Check · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	16
	4-2 Expected use and limits of use · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	17
5.	Transport, Install and Dismantle · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18
	5-1 Transport · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	18
	5-2 Install · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19
	5-2-1 Power & Control System · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19
	5-2-2 Preliminary Checks · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	19
	5-2-3 Continuous rating · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23
6.	Operation · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24
	6-1 Control device: Control panel · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24
	6-2 Operating procedure · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	24
	6-3 Handling precautions · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	25
7.	Maintenance and Adjustment · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26
	7-1 Inspections & Maintenance · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	26
	7-2 Troubleshooting · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	33
8.	Drawings and Part list · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36
	8-1 Assembly drawings and part list · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	36
	8-2 Electrical system drawings and part list · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	42

### 1. Preface

- Please read this Instruction Manual carefully before you start using the electric winch. You will find many useful hints which will help you to keep the winch always in its first-class condition.
- You are kindly requested to read this manual thoroughly, to follow scrupulously
  the instructions given and for safety reasons, avoid controlling, adjusting or
  performing procedures other than those specified.
- This winch has been designed and built in full compliance with EN ISO 12100, ISO 14121 and EN 60204 standards on machine and further modification, with high-quality materials and particularly studying the possibilities to reduce as much as possible the risks of accident.
- Foreword to the operating instructions
   The operating instructions are designed to familiarize the user with the winch and its designated use.
- The instruction manual contains important information on how to operate the winch safety, properly and most efficiently. Observing these instructions helps to avoid danger, to reduce repair costs and downtimes and to increase the reliability and life of the winch.
- The instruction manual is to be supplemented by the respective national rules and regulations for accident prevention and environmental protection.
  The operating instructions must always be available wherever the winch is in use.
  These operating instructions must be applied by any person in change of carrying out work with and on the winch, such as
  - operation including setting up, troubleshooting in the course of work, care of consumables
  - maintenance (serving, inspection, repair) and/or
  - transport

This electric winch is designed and built in full compliance with the safety standard, please read carefully before installing the machine. You will find many hints to keep the machine in its best condition, also to avoid the risk of accident.

- In addition to the operating instructions and to the mandatory rules and regulations for accident
- Prevention and environment protection in the country and place of use of the winch, the generally recognized technical rules for safe and proper working must also be observed.

### 2. Safety Instruction

### 2-1 Safety regulations

### 2-1-1 General safety rules

- 1. This electric hoist is designed for lifting products only. Do not apply the electric hoist for lifting person.
- 2. The electric hoist should be mounted on a flat solid place.
- 3. Installing the electric hoist at a proper levelling condition to ensure the chain arranged neatly. This may avoid chain friction against the hoist body.
- 4. Make sure your power source comply with the voltage indicated on the electric hoist before connecting the power wires to the power source.
- 5. Connect the power wires. Tighten the terminals securely.
- 6. Make sure the electric hoist has been properly grounded. The power circuit should be equipped with an electric shock breaker.
- 7. Before operating the electric hoist, read and follow the instructions for allowable lifting weight, speed and voltage etc. Indicated on the attached plate.
- 8. Do not exceed the rated lifting capacity of the electric hoist. Allowable lifting weight is indicated on the attached plate.
- The electric hoist should be operated by a skilled operator. Before operating the electric hoist check again if all lock screws are tightened securely without loosening.
- 10. Before operating the electric hoist check to see if the chain runs to the correct direction and the brake works normally.
- 11. Do not allow any person approaches under the electric hoist, bracket or weight.
- 12. Select a proper location for mounting the electric hoist, to prevent the lifting weight bumping against any construction, steel frame or construction beam etc while lifting.
- 13. Always keep the chain in a good condition.
- 14. Lift weight vertically. Do not lift weight in a slant or horizontal direction. Do not have weight hooked on the chain for a long time.
- 15.Do not use the electric hoist to pull out any object fixed in the floor or any construction.
- 16. When the electric hoist is running, keep your hands or any object away from it to avoid danger.
- 17. Prevent control wire or power wire from hooking or contacting by the chain. This may avoid electric shock or any danger.
- 18. In case any malfunction or abnormal noise occurs during operation, stop the electric hoist immediately. Check and repair it immediately for safety.
- 19. Do not alter the electric circuit or use any other replacement parts not supplied from the original manufacturer.. This avoids affection on the hoist performance or any accident.
- 20. The operator is requested to fully obey the safety rules listed for safety protection.

### 2-1-2 Electrical safety rules

- 1. Before installing, please pay attention to the input rated voltage and current and make sure the hoist is grounded, in order to prevent accident.
- 2. There must be a main power switch (main breaker) at main input side of electric control system.
- 3. Remember to disconnect the main power before repair, maintenance and clean.
- 4. Unauthorized or untrained personnel cannot repair or maintain any electric equipment.
- 5. The keys of electric box and mode select should be conserved by authorized personnel. Don't give the key or authorized code to unauthorized personnel.
- 6. Comply with the maintenance instruction to repair and maintain the electric equipment.
- 7. Before operating the hoist, check all of the electric equipments and parts are broken or damaged or not. If there is something broken or damaged, replace a new one immediately and please note its original rated specification.
- 8. After connecting power, check the direction of motor rotation and the direction of hoist is correct or not.
- 9. Please check whether the function of emergency stop button is normal or not. The emergency stop button is used under emergency situation to cut off power of hoist. (Operator usually misunderstand that the hoist is broken down when they forgot to release the emergency stop button.)
- 10. Please check whether the function of each safety parts is normal or not, such as emergency stop button, emergency stop wire, interlocking switch, main power switch, safety valve, limit switch, and etc.
- 11. Please check whether the screws of each terminal base are tightened or not. If the screws loose, screw them tightly.
- 12. The wiring practices of electric control system must be complied with circuit diagram.

### 2-1-3 Safety rules of hoist

- 1. Don't misuse the hoist, to avoid danger.
- Before start the hoist, make sure all the protecting covers are not breakdown and damage.
- 3. If the mechanism or any part breakdown, operator should stop the hoist immediately and then examine and repair it.
- 4. If it results abnormal sound during operation, operator should stop the hoist immediately and then examine and repair it.
- 5. If abnormal temperature phenomenon happens during operation, operator should stop the hoist immediately and then examine and repair it.
- 6. Don't modify the original design of mechanical structure, in order to keep the best efficiency and security.
- 7. Please store the spare parts and tools well, and avoid moist and damage.
- 8. Untrained or unauthorized operator is prohibited operating, installing or maintaining hoist.
- 9. Please maintain and repair the hoist according to service instruction.
- 10. Please replace broken part according to the specification in part list.

# 2-2. Location of warning sign, CE mark, nameplate



### **Electric shock**



### CE symbol



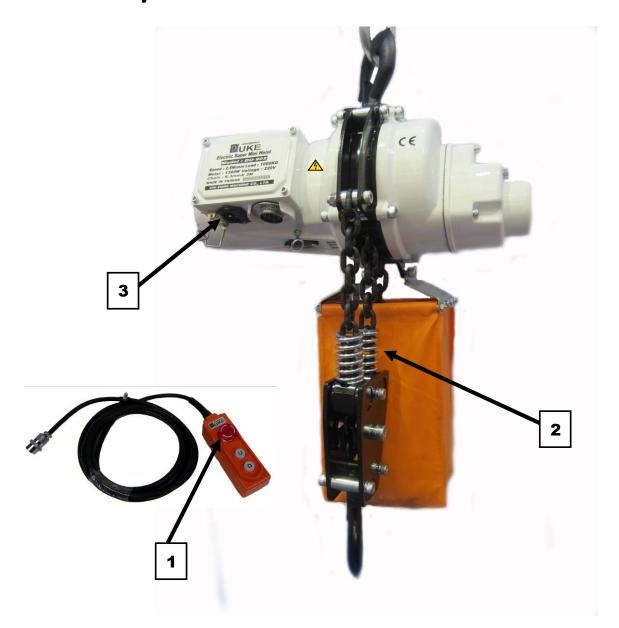
### Nameplate



### Nameplate



# 2-3. All safety related elements



ITEM	DESCRIPTION		
1	EMERGENCY STOP		
2	FUSE		
3	POWER CONNECTOR SOCKET		

# 2-4. Checklist of electrical and safety function

Item	Content inspection and safety requirement	Result	Comment
1	Is every terminal protected by isolation plate (IP2X)?	YES	
2	Does technician follow the procedure number to wire?	YES	
3	Are the diameter of grounding wire and each circuit accord with safety requirement of designed electrical circuit?	YES	
4	Is fuse accord with safety requirement of designed electrical circuit?	YES	
5	Are these screws on electric box fixed tightly?	YES	
6	Is the electric box equipped with a ventilator (e.g. fan)?	YES	
7	Does the design of electric box conform to IP requirement?	YES	
8	Is all the function of every control switch and component described specifically on this operation manual?	YES	
9	Are input voltage, frequency, and phase marked correctly?	YES	
10	Is the machine earthed?	YES	
11	Is there an independent earth copper plate equipped inside electric box?	YES	
12	Is every function of control device regular?	YES	
13	Is the emergency stop device functional?	YES	
14	Is the rotary direction of motor or transmission correct?	YES	
15	Is the cover functional (fixed or movable)?	YES	
16	Is the machine set stable?	YES	
17	Have all the acute angle and fur been ground?	YES	
18	Has the machine been pasted a CE mark?	YES	
19	Has the machine been pasted a nameplate?	YES	
20	Has the machine been pasted related warning marks?	YES	
21	Have the listed related safety parts in TCF 1.6 been installed indeed?	YES	
22	Have all the safety information and attentions been provided completely for user?	YES	
23	Does the written language of manual and machine conform to local country?	YES	
24	Has the operation manual been provided?	YES	
25	Has the EC Declaration of Conformity been signed?	YES	

3. Mini Chain Hoist Description

3-1 General characteristics

3-1-1 Usages

Fit for various workplace applications, such as general factories, warehouse,

construction, plumbing, and agriculture industries. Designed for unique rigging

applications encountered at small venues, lightweight, quiet, and portable. Operates on

100V-120V or 220V-240V, which means you can plug it in just about anywhere.

3-1-2 Features

Braking: Dual braking system combines mechanical plus regenerative braking,

provides instant and safe braking.

Gearing: Precision machined gears heat treated for strength and durability, the ball or

needle bearings at all rotating points run in oil bath lubrication for a quieter, smoother

and cooler operation.

**Loading sheave:** Provide smooth lifting, reduce vibration and wear.

**Housing:** Lightweight, cast aluminum alloy

Friction clutch: A high performance and durability friction clutch that is integrated

with the load brake. This design is to slip in order to prevent overloading and over

travel that could damage the hoist.

Chain: Designed and manufactured by FEC, Japan, grade 80 alloy steel with resistance

and long life service.

**Chain bag:** The vinyl chain bag container is provided standard with hoist.

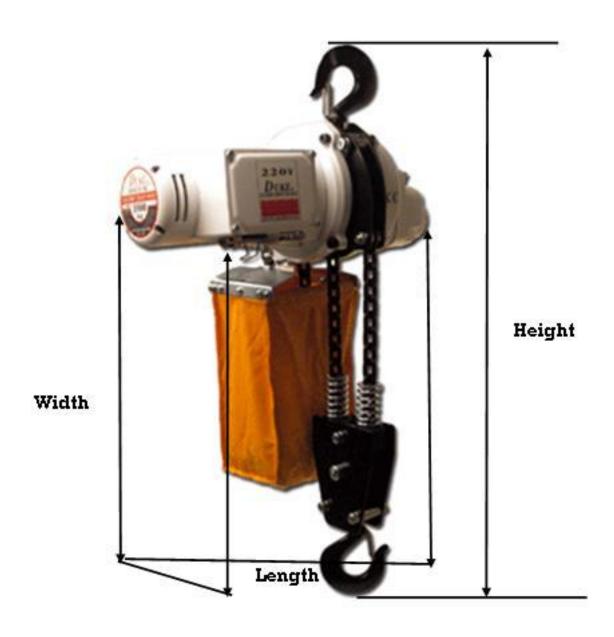
Switch: Simply layout of the control with 3M power cable as standard and emergency

stop as option.

# **3-2 Specifications**

Model	DU-825	DU-901	<b>DU</b> -902	
Dimensions				
Length (mm)	420	420	420	
Width (mm)	160	160	160	
Height (mm)	480	480	480	
Capacity (kg)	250	500	1000	
Control Cable(m)	3	3	3	
Lifting Speed(m/min)	50HZ-10	50HZ-5	50HZ-2.5	
Chain(mm)	6.3	6.3	6.3	
Safety Factor	WLL x 1.5			
Insulation Class	F			
ED%	35%			
No. Of Starts per hr	300			
Power Cable (m)	5	5	5	
Net Weight (kg)	18.5	18.5	23	

### 3-3 Overall dimensions

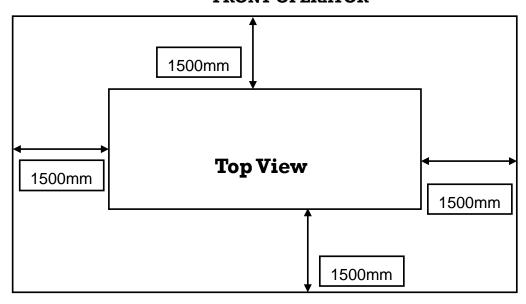


MODEL	Length	Width	Height
DU-825	420mm	160mm	480mm
DU-901	420mm	160mm	480mm
DU-902	420mm	160mm	500mm

# 3-4 Working space required and operating position

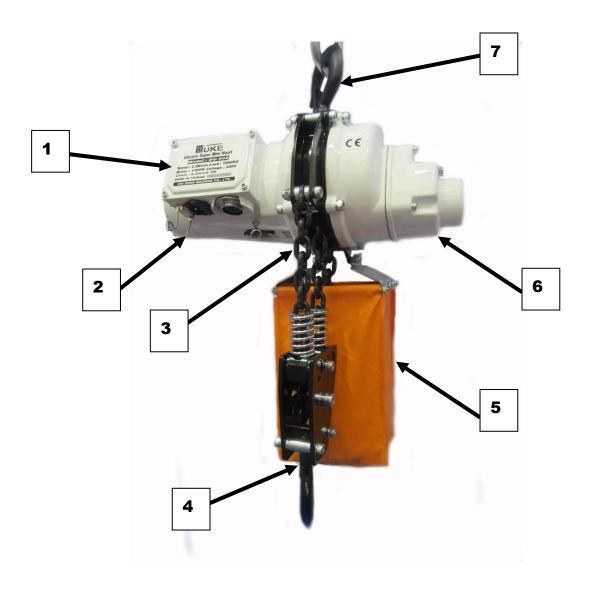


FRONT OPERATOR





### 3-5 Main units and name



Item	Part's name
1	Electric Department
2	Motor
3	6.3 Chain
4	Lower Hook
5	Chain bag
6	Gear Box
7	Upper Hook

# 4. Pre-use Preparation

### 4-1 Notice and inspection before operation

### 4-1-1 Mechanical Check

- 1. Are all transport protection facilities removed?
- 2. Is there any mechanical damage?
- 3. Are all the safety device, safety covers refitted from the set-up installation?
- 4. Are all winch unit correctly aligned and locked in position?
- 5. Are all mobile and rotating parts exempt of foreign bodies? Is there mobility unimpaired (tools wire, yarns, waste, etc.)

### 4-1-2 Electrical Check

- 1. Are all ground conductors connected?
- 2. Are all cables connected?
- 3. Is there any mechanical damage of electrical control operating and indicator units
- 4. Are all plug-in connection to the wincg fitted correctly?
- 5. Are all the cable near mobile parts fixed correctly?
- 6. Are the cable fitting tightened?
- 7. Were wire rests and metal objects removed and cleaned away from switch box, junction box, control cabinets, and operating panel?
- 8. Are frequency inverters motor set for the correct V/Hz ratio if applied?
- 9. Are the drive rotating direction correct?

### 4-2 Expected use and limits of use

### **Specification of essential parts:**

Please refer to the list of specification in operation manual.

### This winch is expected to be used under industrial environment:

The well lighting, well ventilation, clean environment, dry, and maintains a normal temperature ( $-10^{\circ}$ C to  $+50^{\circ}$ C).

### The winch needs the following supplies:

Electric power: single phase/ 100-120V or 220-240V/ 50Hz and 60Hz (or base on previous designation).

### **Working Duty (ED%):**

35%.

No more than 20 minutes use within 60 minutes frame.

The required technique and experience during safety operation and use.

They should be a proficient operator or trained staff.

# 5. Transport, Install and Dismantle

### **5-1 Transport**

Always carry the winch with two hands to prevent a strike.

Below table shows net weight and gross weight for each model of winch.



MODEL	NET WEIGHT	GROSS WEIGHT
DU-825	18.5 KGS	21.5 KGS
DU-901	18.5 KGS	21.5 KGS
DU-902	23 KGS	26 KGS

### 5-2 Install

### 5-2-1 POWER & CONTROL SYSTEM

### **REQUIREMENTS**

The DUKE hoist comes in a direct control. They must be connected to a power and control system that is properly designed to operate the chain hoist and to handle the power consumption of the motor. DUKE hoists are standard wired for 100V-120V-1ph-50/60Hz, or 220V-240V-1ph-50/60Hz.



### 5-2-2 PRELIMINARY CHECKS

Before installing / starting to use the chain hoist, check the following:

#### General:

- 1. After unpacking the unit, carefully inspect for any damage that may have occurred during transit. Check for loose, missing or damaged parts. Shipping damage claims must be filed with the carrier. Be sure that the voltage labeled on the unit matches your power supply.
- 2. Make sure all supporting structures and attaching devices have the strength to safety absorb the weight of the intended loads. If in doubt, consult a qualified structural Power cables to chain hoists must include a ground conductor. If in doubt, consult a qualified structural engineer.
- 3. Chain hoists should not experience voltage drops of more than 10% of the supply voltage. It is critical to use adequate sized power cable.
- 4. The user's control board must be grounded in accordance with the electrical codes that are applicable in the local area. Power cable to chain hoists must include a ground conductor. The power cable includes a yellow/green ground conductor.
- 5. The installation area must provide safe operating conditions for the operator, including sufficient room for the operator and other personnel to stand clear of the load at all times.

#### **RIGGING THE HOIST:**



# ACAUTION

Part of this procedure can involve working from an elevated platform, scissors lift or cherry picker. Before doing so make sure you are competent to work with those and take all safety precautions needed.

- 1. Before each use, visually inspect the hoist and all load bearing parts of the hoist, like hook and chain.
- 2. Make sure the intended structural support component is able to safely absorb the chain hoist lifting capacity.
- 3. Attach the chain bag to the chain bag ring.
- 4. Put the chain into the chain bag and make sure there are no twists or knots in the chain in the chain bag.
- 5. Attach the chain hook to the main structural support member, either direct to an existing eyebolt or lug-plate, or using a bracket or beam clamp. It is also possible to use a sling or bridle. Avoid slinging on sharp edges.



A fully loaded motor can put considerably higher forces to the support structure when dynamic forces are induced.

A similar thing happens when a lowering movement of other hoists on the same load (e.g. truss-structure) causes the centre of gravity to slide towards the resting hoist, which will get overloaded.

Overload protection in the chain hoist causes the structure to be overloaded as well.

- 6. Connect the power (and control) cable and make sure these will have proper stress relieves and sufficient slack in every direction of planned tilting of the load. Use Velcro or cable-strings to tie the cable to the hoist body or lifting hook
- 7. Lower the chain hook by letting the chain run out to the required height.
- 8. Put the load under the chain hook.
- 9. Attach the load to the chain hook, either to a lug plate, eyebolt or using one or more slings.



Do NOT move the chain hook towards the load. This will result in swaying or side pulling, and can become hazardous when the load is lifted.

- 10. Run the chain up until the load chain just taut.
- 11. Check all lifting and slinging connections, and lift the load until it is freely floating of the ground.
- 12. Visually check the whole lifting structure from chain hoist and cable through the load chain down to the load.

# ACAUTION

Any unusual or disruptive appearance of chain links along the stretch of load chain might indicate deformation of one or more links. This should be inspected before the lifting operation starts.

- 13. Remove all people from the area before you start lifting the load. Do not allow any people to stand under the moving load.
- 14. Make sure you have a full visual view on the complete travel path of the load.
- 15. Lift the load to the required height.



Do not use the control button in an intermittent switching manner. This can lead to hazardous situations. The chain hoist motor can get overheated and considerable increase of forces due to dynamic loading can be caused.

16. Add a secondary in between support structure and the load when persons have to

get under the load.

17. Make sure this secondary is as tight as possible, preferably using clutch-chains.



Do not let anyone stand under the suspended load when the secondary is removed.

### **DE-RIGGING THE HOIST:**

# ACAUTION

Part of this procedure can involve working from an elevated platform, scissors lift or cherry picker. Before doing so make sure you are competent to work with those and take all safety precautions needed.

- 1. Remove the secondary (when present).
- 2. Check the direction of travel. If the pre-selection switch on the controller is in the down-direction the chain hoist should run in down-direction.
- 3. Check if both the lifting directions work properly (lifting and lowering).

  Remove all people from the area before you start lowering the load. Do not allow any people to stand under the moving load.

# ACAUTION

Any unusual or disruptive appearance of chain links along the stretch of load chain might indicate deformation of one or more links. This should be inspected before the lifting operation starts.

- 5. Make sure you have a full visual view on the complete travel path of the load.
- 6. Bring the load down until within reach for further dismantling.
- 7. Remove all parts of the load and slings attached the chain hook.
- 8. Disconnect the power and control cables.
- 9. Remove the chain hoist from the suspension structure and bring it down.
- 10. Put the chain hoist and the chain bag in their compartments of the flight case (when applicable).
- 11. Remove any bracket, beam clamp or sling from the main structure elements.

### 5-2-3 Continuous rating

Never use the hoist beyond the 20 minutes permitted per hour.

The life of the hoist depends on the conditions of the load and working frequency.

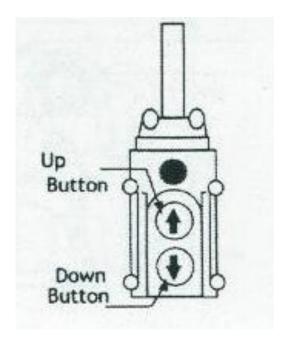
During long operating periods make sure to use the hoist within its continuous rating.

Continuous Rating means the amount of allowable usage within one hour which is 25% or 20 minutes per hour or 300 starts per hour.

The maximum number of starts means the number of times the motor starts within the hour.

# 6. Operation

### 6-1 Control device: Control panel



### 6-2 Operating procedure

The person who is untrained or unfamiliar with the operation procedure is prohibited from operating machine.

### **Preparation before Working**

- Check all safety and environmental conditions
- Connect the main power source and ensure grounding.
- Do not lift loads exceeding the rated load.
- Always use power source at the rated voltage.

### **Up and Down Control Switch**

- **To Lift a Load.** Press **A** Button
- **To Lower a Load. Press** ▼ Button

### 6-3 Handling Precautions

- 1. Check to ensure that the load point is in the line with the hoist head.
- 2. When applying a load, it must be directly in line with hoist. Avoid off-center loading of any kind.
- 3. Take up a slack load chain carefully and start load easily to avoid shock and jerking of hoist load chain. if there is any evidence of overloading, immediately lower the load and remove the excess load.
- 4. Do not allow the load to swing or twist while lifting.
- 5. Do not allow the load and/or attachments to bear against the hook latch and/or hook tip. Apply load to hook bowl or saddle only.
- 6. The DUKE can be mounted upright as "motor up" in the traditional industry situation or "motor down", which has become standard in the entertainment touring industry. Always ensure that it is clear whether the load chain shall move or whether the hoist housing shall move. This does have effect on the way power and control cables should be run.

# ACAUTION

Do not attempt to pull around corners. Chains that move can be hazardous in grinding action and eating itself into softer surfaces such as aluminium trusses.

# 7. Maintenance and Adjustment

### 7-1 Inspections & Maintenance

To maintain continuous and satisfactory operation, a regular inspection procedure must be initiated to replace worn or damaged parts before they become unsafe. Inspection intervals must be determined by the individual application and are based on the type of service to which the hoist will be subjected to the degree of exposure to wear, deterioration or malfunction of the critical components.

The type of service to which the hoist is subjected can be classified as Normal, Heavy, or Severe.

**Normal Service:** Involves operation with randomly distributed loads within the rated load limit, or uniform loads less than 65% of rated load for not more than 25% of the time.

**Heavy Service:** Involves operating the hoist within the rated load limit which exceeds normal service.

Severe Service: Normal or heavy service with abnormal operating conditions.

Two classes of inspection-frequent and periodic – must be performed.

**Frequent Inspections:** These inspections are visual examinations by the operator or other designated personnel. Records of such inspections are not required. The frequent inspections are to be performed monthly for normal service, weekly to monthly for heavy service, and daily to weekly for severe service, and they should Include those items listed in below.

**Periodic Inspections:** These inspections are visual inspections of external conditions by an appointed person. Records of periodic inspections are to be kept for continuing evaluation of the condition of the hoist.

Periodic inspections are to be performed yearly for normal service, semi-annually for heavy service and quarterly for severe service, and they are to include those items listed in below.

**CAUTIONS:** Any deficiencies are to be corrected before the hoist is returned to service. Also, the external conditions may show the need of disassembly to permit a more detailed inspection, which, in turn, may require use of nondestructive type testing.

### PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

In addition to the above inspection procedure, a preventive maintenance program should be established to prolong the useful life of the hoist and maintain its reliability and continued safe use. The program should include the periodic and frequent inspections with particular attention being paid to the lubrication of the various components using the recommended lubricants.

### **Minimum Frequent Inspections**

TYPE OF SERVICE			ITEM		
Normal	Heavy	Severe			
			a)	Brake for evidence of slippage.	
	Weekly	Dai	b)	Control functions for proper operation.	
Monthly	ö	Daily to	c)	Hooks for damage, cracks, twists, excessive throat opening, latch engagement and latch operation.	
lу	Monthly	Weekly	d)	Load chain for adequate lubrication, as well as signs of wear or damaged links.	
	lу	ly	e)	Load chain for proper reeving and twists.	

#### **Minimum Periodic Inspections**

	Periodic inspections				
TYP	PE OF SERVICE		TYPE OF SERVICE		
Normal	Heavy	Severe	ITEM		
			a)	All items in minimum frequent inspections	
			b)	External evidence of loose screws, bolts or nuts.	
			c)	External evidence of worn, corroded, cracked or distorted hook block, suspension screws, gears, bearings, chain stop and chain guide.	
			d)	External evidence of damage to hook retaining nut and pin. Also check the upper suspension adapter making sure it is fully seated in the hoist frame and that both screws are tight.	
			e)	External evidence of excessive wear of brake parts.	
			f)	Checking the operation of the control station making sure the buttons operate freely and do not stick in either position.	
			g)	Inspect the electrical cords and cables and control station enclosure for damaged insulation.	
			h)	Inspect the suspension hook for excess free play or rotation. Replace worn parts as evidence by excess free play or rotation.	

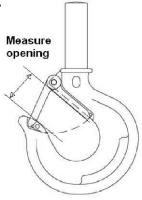
### **HOOK INSPECTION**

Hooks damaged from chemicals, deformations or cracks, or that have more than a 10 degree twist from the hook's unbent plane, excessive opening or seat wear must be replaced. Also, hooks that are opened and allow the latch to not engage the tip must be replaced. Any hook that is twisted or has excessive throat opening indicates abuse or overloading of the unit. Inspect other load sustaining parts, hook block screws, load pins and hook block bodies for damage.

Check to make sure that the latch is not damaged or bent and that is operates properly with sufficient spring pressure to keep the latch tightly against the tip of the hook and allow the latch to spring back to the tip when released. If the latch does not operate properly, it should be replaced.

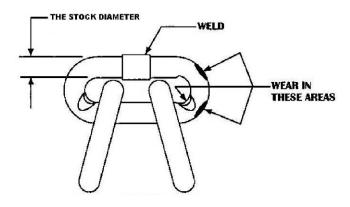
To Measure opening, depress latch against hook body as show.

Replace the hooks when opening is greater than 38mm.



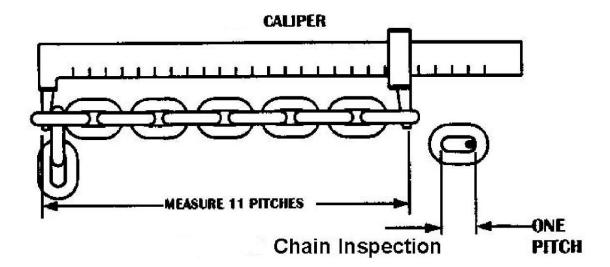
#### CHAIN

- Clean chain with a non-caustic/non-acid type solvent and make a link by link inspection for nicks, gouges, twisted links, weld splatter, corrosion pits, striations, cracks in weld areas, wear and stretching. Chain with any one of these defects must be replaced.
- 2. Slack the portion if the chain that normally passes over the liftwheel. Examine the interlink area for the point of maximum wear. Measure and record the stock diameter at this point of the link. Then measure stock diameter in the same area on a link that does not pass over the liftwheel and compare these two measurements.



Page 28

3. Also check chain for stretch using a larger caliper as show below to measure the outside length of a convenient number of links about 11(pitchs). Measure the same number of links in a used section of chain and calculate the percentage increase in length of the worn chain.



4. Chain is to be kept clean and lubricated. Visually check chain every time chain hoist is used. As oil needs to sit at the bearing surface of each chain link, it is advised to submerge the chain in oil for 30 min. Take it out and let the chain hang dripping for 24 hours before putting in the hoist.

# ACAUTION

The chain used on this lifting motor has very carefully controlled dimensions and has been heat treated. Do not attempt to substitute any other manufacturer's chain.

Note: In the entertainment industry chain wear in general is only very limited, and often even impossible to measure after 10 years of normal use. On the other hand it is a well known fact that the load chains in the entertainment do tend to be misused or even abused and sometimes badly neglected in corrosion prevention. Severely damaged, deformed, dented, partly eaten or even broken chain links have been regularly reported by use in the entertainment sector, and constant attention must be given that such chains are immediately taken out of service. All this is typically the responsibility of the customer or user of the chain hoist.

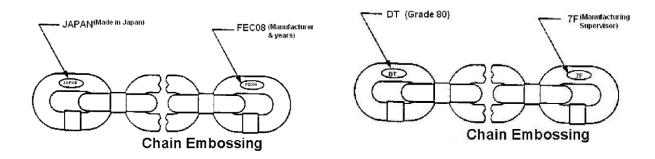
### **IDENTIFICATION OF CHAIN:**

FEC load chain can be recognized and determined original by the following marks on the chain

Chain specifications:

- diameter-6.3mm
- •pitch-19mm
- grade-Grade80
- type of marking-see sample picture below. Every 15 links.
- max. working load-500kgs
- minimum breaking strength-3150kgs
- weight per meter- 0.86kg/m

For replacement load chains use FEC chain only.



### CHAIN REPLACEMENT WITH CHAIN IN LIFTING MOTOR

- 1. With the unit placing on workbench or motor up position, run the hook to its up limit.
- 2. Remove the load block assembly from the old chain.
- 3. Make a "C" link, attach the new chain to the load end of the old chain.
- 4. Carefully jog the "UP" button and run the joined pieces of chain into the lifting motor until about 40cm of new chain comes out the other side.
- 5. Remove the "C" link and the old chain. Remove the chain stop from the old chain by a hex head screwdriver.
- 6. Attach the chain stop to the slack end of the new chain by capturing the 12th link with the two stop halves. Be sure there are no twists in the chain.
- 7. Attach the load block on new chain by a hex head screwdriver.

  Make a "C" link

### CHAIN REPLACEMENT WITH NO CHAIN IN CHAIN HOIST

- 1. With the unit placing on workbench, run the hook to its up limit.
- 2. Remove the load block assembly from the old chain.
- 3. Remove the chain stop from the old chain.
- 4. Carefully jog the "UP" button and detach the old chain out of the lifting motor.
- 5. Insert the new chain into the load sheave.
- 6. Feed the new chain into the chain hoist by jogging the "DOWN" button.
- 7. Allow about 40cm of chain below the chain hoist on the slack end.
- 8. Attached the chain stop and load block assembly. Be sure there are no twists in the chain.



# ACAUTION

TO AVOID INJURY: Use only Duke supplied replacement load chain and parts. Chain and parts may look alike, but Duke chain and parts are made of specific material or processed to achive specific properties.

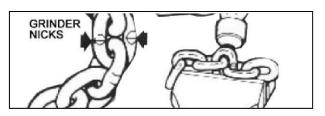
#### CHAIN END STOP

The end stop on the dead-end chain should be mounted on the 11th link. (No less than 11 links should be in between the dead-end and the chain stop).

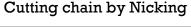
#### **CUTTING CHAINS**

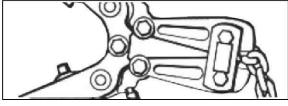
FEC load chain is hardened and therefore difficult to cut. The following methods are recommended when cutting a length of new chain from stock or cutting worn chain.

a) Use a grinder and nick the link on both sides, then secure the link in a vise and break of with a hammer.



 Use a bolt cutter with special cutter jaws for cutting hardened chain.





Cutting chain with a Bolt Cutter

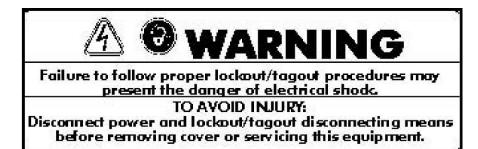
### LOAD CHAIN CLEANING

Clean the load chain with acid-free solvent and coat with new ISO VG-320 or equivalent gear oil. Wipe excess Oil to prevent dripping. Never apply grease to the chain.

#### OVERLOAD LIMITING CLUTCH

The parts of limiting clutch are mounted free on the gear input shaft. The adjustable slip clutch, fitted as an overload safety device. This device has been calibrated at the factory and is engineered for low maintenance and also serve as an overload protection.

Hook a load of 1.25 times the nominal load into the hoist.



### SIGNS OF INADEQUATE ELECTRICAL POWER:

The hoist must be supplied with adequate electrical power in order to operate properly. The signs of low voltage are:

- •Noisy hoist operation due to brake and /or chattering.
- •Dimming of lights or slowing of motors connected to the same circuit.
- •Heating of the hoist motor and other internal components as well as heating of the wires and connectors in the circuit feeding the hoists.
- •Failure of the hoist to lift the load due to motor stalling.

### 7-2 Troubleshooting

If the winch fails to start after several attempts or the hoist's operation appears to be defective check the following:

TROUBLE SHOOTING FOR CHAIN HOIST							
Trouble	Probable Cause	Check and Remedy					
	A) Power failure in supply line	A) Check circuit, breakers, switch and connection in power supply line					
Lifting motor does not	B) Wrong voltage or frequency	B) Check voltage and frequency of power supply against the rating on the nameplate of the motor.					
respond to pushbutton	C) Improper connections in chain hoist of push button	C) Check all connections at line connectors and on terminal block.					
	D) Brake does not release	D) Check brake coil connection for open or short circuit. Check wiring for relay rectifier.					
2. Hook does not stop	A) Chain hoist overloaded	A) Reduce load within rated capacity of chain hoist.					
promptly	B) Brake not holding	B) Check brake and it may be necessary to replace discs.					
3. Hook moves in wrong direction	A) Improper connection	A) Check all connections against wiring diagram.					
	A) Chain hoist overloaded	A) Reduce load within rated capacity of chain hoist.					
	B) Worn overload limiting clutch	B) Check and adjust limiting clutch					
4. Chain hoist hesitates to lift when energized	C) Low voltage	C) Determine cause of low voltage and bring up to within plus or minus 10% of the voltage specified on the motor. Measure voltage at the lifting motor in terminal block power input.					
	A) "Down" circuit open	A) Check circuit for loose connections.					
5. Hook raises but will not lower	B) Broken conductor in pushbutton cable	B) Check each conductor in the cable. If one is broken, reduce entire cable.					

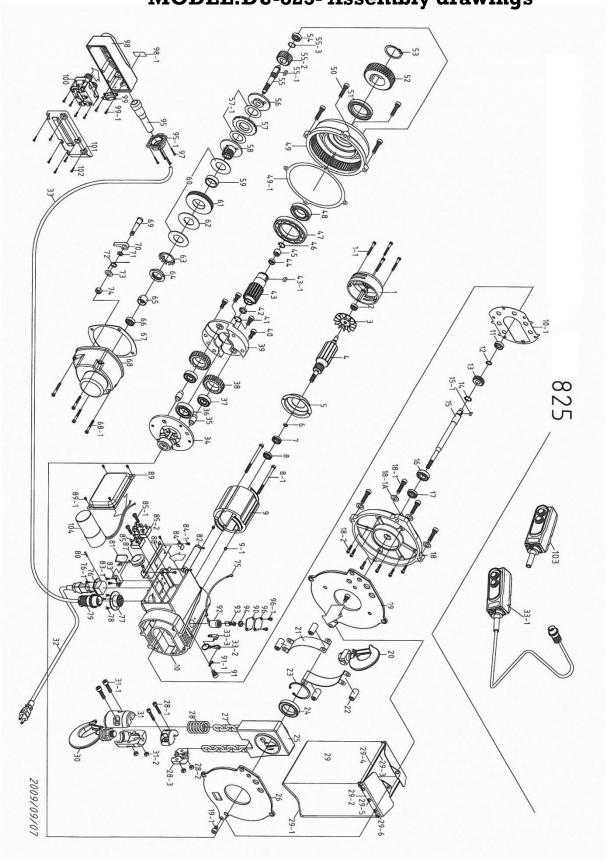
	A) Lifting motor overload	A) Reduce load to within rated capacity of chain hoist.
6. Hook lowers but will	B) Low voltage	B) Determine cause of low voltage and bring up to within plus or minus 10% of the voltage specified on the motor. Measure voltage at the lifting motor in terminal block power input.
not raise	C) "UP" circuit open	C) Check circuit for loose connections
	D) Broken conductor in pushbutton cable	D) Check each conductor in the cable. If one is broken, replace entire cable.
	E) Worn overload limiting clutch	E) Adjust or replace overload clutch assembly.
	F) Loose screw clamps	F) Ensure that screw clamps are tightened on the terminal blocks.
	A) Excessive load	A) Reduce load to within rated capacity of chain hoist
7. Motor overheats	B) Low voltage	B) Determine cause of low voltage and bring up to within plus or minus 10% of the voltage specified on the motor. Measure voltage at the lifting motor in terminal block power input.
	C) Frequent starting or reversing	C) Excessive inching, jogging or reversing should be avoided since this type of operation will drastically shorten the life of motor and brake.
	D) Brake dragging	D) Replace brake assembly
	A) Chain hoist overload	A) Reduce load to within rated capacity of chain hoist
8. Lack of proper lifting	B) Brake dragging	B) Replace brake assembly
speed	C) Low voltage	C) Determine cause of low voltage and bring up to within plus or minus 10% of the voltage specified on the motor. Measure voltage at the lifting motor in terminal block power input.
	D) Overload limiting clutch intermittently slipping	D) Adjust or replace overload limiting clutch assembly.

	A) Brake needs replacement	A) Replace brake assembly
9. Motor brake noise or chatter (while starting chain hoist)	B) Low voltage	B) Determine cause of low voltage and bring up to within plus or minus 10% of the voltage specified on the motor. Measure voltage at the lifting motor in terminal block power input.
10. Motor brake "buzz"	A) Brake needs replacement     B) Broken brake coil	A) Replace brake assembly
(anytime chain hoist is running)		B) Replace the brake coil and check the relay rectifier.

NB: All mechanical or electrical work must be carried out by a qualified tradesperson

# 8. Drawings and Part list

# 8-1 Assembly drawings and part list MODEL:DU-825- Assembly drawings

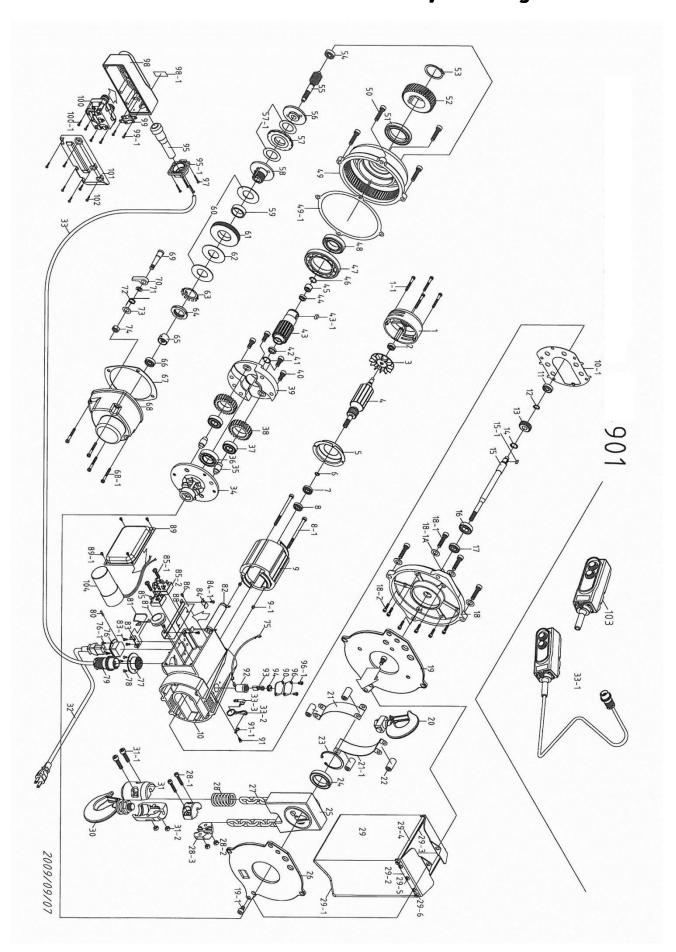


Page 36

# MODEL:DU-825 - part list

	T	I		T	T
1	MOTOR COVER	33-3	BINDER OF CABLE	79	SWITCH CONNECTOR
1-1	SCREW	34	CHAIN GUIDER	80	FUSE
2	BEARING	35	ROD OF GEAR SHAFT	81	CABLE HANGER
3	FAN OF ROTOR	36	BEARING	82	RESISTOR 40W 52OM
4	ROTOR	37	BEARING	83	FIX PLATE
5	AIR GUIDING IRON COVER	38	GEAR	83-1	SCREW
6	FIXING SPRING	39	FIXING BASE OF GEAR SHAFT	84	FIX PIN
7	BEARING	40	SCREW	84-1	SCREW
8	OIL SEAL	41	FIX SPRING	85	BRIDGE TYPE REGULATOR
8-1	SCREW	42	OIL SEAL	85-1	SCREW
9	STATOR	43	THIRD SECTION GEAR SHAFT	85-2	REGULATOR W/ VARISTOR
9-1	SCREW	43-1	KEY	86	SCREW
10	MAIN BODY BASE	44	OIL SEAL	87	PLASTIC TUBE
10-1	GASKET	45	BEARING	88	FIX PLATE
11	BEARING	46	FIX SPRING	89	ELECTRIC BOX COVER
12	FIXING SPRING	47	BEARING	89-1	SCREW
13	GEAR	48	BEARING	90	CARBON BRUSH SET PROTECTION
14	FIXING SPRING	49	GEAR REDUCE BOX OF SECOND LAYER	91	NUTS
15	FIRST SECTION GEAR SHAFT	49-1	GASKET	91-1	NUTS
15-1	KEY	50	SCREW	92	BASE OF CARBON BRUSH
16	BEARING	51	BEARING	93	CARBON BRUSH
17	OIL SEAL	52	THIRD SECTION GEAR	94	CARBON BRUSH COVER
18	GEAR COVR	53	FIX SPRING	95	SWITCH PLASTIC TUBE
18-1	SCREW	54	BEARING	95-1	SWITCH TUBE COVER
20	UPPER HOOK	55	THIRD SECTION GEAR SHAFT	96	CARBON BRUSH PROTECTION
21	MAIN BODY COVER	56	PLATE	97	SCREW
21-1	MAIN BODY COVER	57	PAWL BRAKE LINING	98	SWITCH COVER
22	FIX ROD OF MAIN BODY	57-1	PRESS DISK TYPE SPRING	98-1	STICKER
23	FIX SPRING	58	BRAKE DEPRESSOR (LOWER)	99	FIX PLATE
24	BEARING	59	COPPER COVER	99-1	SCREW
25	CHAIN SHEAVE	60	PRESS DISK TYPE SPRING	100	INTERNAL SWITCH CONNECTOR
26	RIGHT MAIN BODY SHEET	61	KEYLESS GEAR	101	SWTICH COVER
27	CHAIN (6.3MM)	62	NUTS FIXING SHEET	102	SCREW
28	CHAIN GUIDE SPRING	36	BEARING	103	SWITCH WITHOUT CABLE
28-1	SCREW	63	NUTS	104	CAPACITOR
28-2	WASHER	64	TORQUE LIMITED NUTS		
28-3	CHAIN STOPPED BLOCK	65	BAKE DEPRESSOR (UPPER)		
29	CHAIN BAG SET	66	BEARING		
29-1	CHAIN BAG	67	Gasket		
29-2	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	68	FIRST LAYER GEAR BOX		
29-3	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	68-1	SCREW		
29-4	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	69	FIX PING		
29-5	WASHER	70	CLICK		
29-6	WASHER	71	CLICK FIXING BOLT		
30	LOWER HOOK	72	CLICK SPRING		
31	LOWER HOOK SUSPENSION	73	SPRING WASHER		
31-1	SCREW	74	WASHER		
31-2	WASHER	75	CABLE		
32	POWER CABLE SET	76	POWER CONNECTOR SOCKET		
33	CONTROL CABLE	76-1	SCREW		
33-1	SWITCH SET WITH CABLE	77	SWITCH CONNECTOR SOCKET		
33-2	LANYARD CLIP	78	SCREW		
00-2	LANTAIND OLIF	10	OOTILVV	1	

# MODEL:DU-901- Assembly drawings

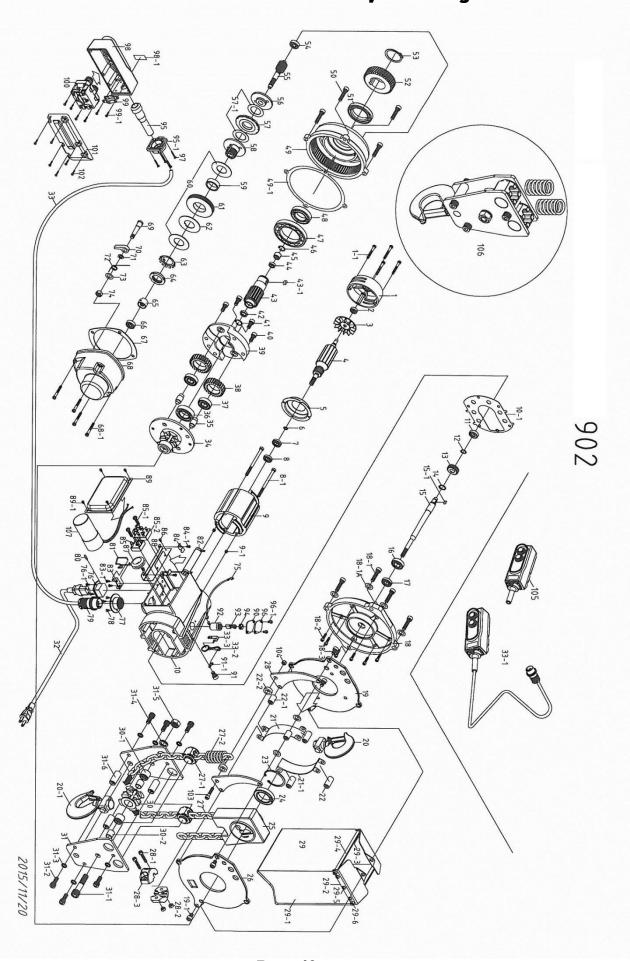


Page 38

# MODEL:DU-901 - part list

1	MOTOR COVER	48	BEARING
1-1	SCREW	49	GEAR REDUCE BOX OF SECOND LAYER
2	BEARING	49-1	GASKET
3	FAN OF ROTOR	50	SCREW
4	ROTOR	51	BEARING
5	AIR GUIDING IRON COVER	52	THIRD SECTION GEAR
6	FIXING SPRING	53	FIX SPRING
7	BEARING	54	BEARING
	OIL SEAL	55	THIRD SECTION GEAR SHAFT
8-1	SCREW	56	PLATE
9	STATOR	57	PAWL BRAKE LINING
9-1	SCREW MAIN BODY BASE	57-1	PRESS DISK TYPE SPRING
10		58	BRAKE DEPRESSOR (LOWER)
10-1	GASKET BEARING	59 60	COPPER COVER PRESS DISK TYPE SPRING
11 12	FIXING SPRING	61	KEYLESS GEAR
13	GEAR	62	NUTS FIXING SHEET
14	FIXING SPRING	63	NUTS
15	FIRST SECTION GEAR SHAFT	64	TORQUE LIMTED NUTS
15-1	KEY	65	BAKE DEPRESSOR (UPPER)
16	BEARING	66	BEARING
17	OIL SEAL	67	Gasket
18	GEAR COVR	68	FIRST LAYER GEAR BOX
18-1	SCREW	68-1	SCREW
18-2	SCREW	69	FIX PING
19	LEFT MAIN BODY SHEET	70	CLICK
19-1	SCREW	71	CLICK FIXING BOLT
20	UPPER HOOK	72	CLICK SPRING
21	MAIN BODY COVER	73	SPRING WASHER
21-1	MAIN BODY COVER	74	WASHER
22	FIX ROD OF MAIN BODY	75	CABLE
23	FIX SPRING	76	POWER CONNECTOR SOCKET
24	BEARING	76-1	SCREW
25	CHAIN SHEAVE	77	SWITCH CONNECTOR SOCKET
26	RIGHT MAIN BODY SHEET	78	SCREW
27	CHAIN (6.3MM)	79	SWITCH CONNECTOR
28	CHAIN GUIDE SPRING	80	FUSE
28-1	SCREW	81	CABLE HANGER
28-2	WASHER	82	RESISTOR 40W 52OM
28-3	CHAIN STOPPED BLOCK	83	FIX PLATE
29	CHAIN BAG SET	83-1	SCREW
29-1	CHAIN BAG	84	FIX PIN
29-2	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	84-1	SCREW
29-3	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	85	BRIDGE TYPE REGULATOR
29-4	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	85-1	SCREW
29-5	WASHER	85-2	REGULATOR W/ VARISTOR
29-6	WASHER	86	SCREW
30	LOWER HOOK	87	PLASTIC TUBE
31	LOWER HOOK SUSPENSION	88	FIX PLATE
31-1	SCREW	89 89-1	ELECTRIC BOX COVER
31-2	WASHER POWER CABLE SET	90	SCREW CARBON BRUSH SET PROTECTION
32	CONTROL CABLE	90	NUTS
33-1	SWITCH SET WITH CABLE	91-1	NUTS
33-1	LANYARD CLIP	91-1	BASE OF CARBON BRUSH
33-3	BINDER OF CABLE	93	CARBON BRUSH
34	CHAIN GUIDER	94	CARBON BRUSH COVER
35	ROD OF GEAR SHAFT	95	SWITCH PLASTIC TUBE
36	BEARING	95-1	SWITCH TUBE COVER
37	BEARING	96	CARBON BRUSH PROTECTION
38	GEAR	97	SCREW
39	FIXING BASE OF GEAR SHAFT	98	SWITCH COVER
40	SCREW	98-1	STICKER
41	FIX SPRING	99	FIX PLATE
42	OIL SEAL	99-1	SCREW
43	THIRD SECTION GEAR SHAFT	100	INTERNAL SWITCH CONNECTOR
43-1	KEY	101	SWTICH COVER
44	OIL SEAL	102	SCREW
45	BEARING	103	SWITCH WITHOUT CABLE
46	FIX SPRING	104	CAPACITOR
47	BEARING		
		-	

# MODEL:DU-902 - Assembly drawings

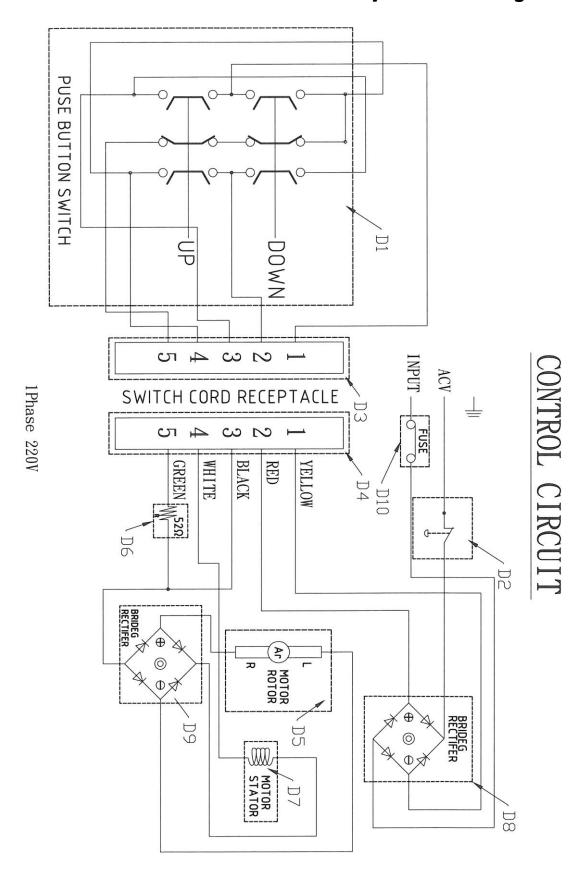


Page 40

# MODEL:DU-902 - part list

1	MOTOR COVER	30-2	ROD OF LOWER HOOK FIX PLATE	69	FIX PING
1-1	SCREW	31	LOWER HOOK FIX PLATE	70	CLICK
2	BEARING	31-1	SCREW	71	CLICK FIXING BOLT
3	FAN OF ROTOR	31-2	SCREW	72	CLICK SPRING
4	ROTOR	31-3	WASHER	73	SPRING WASHER
5	AIR GUIDING IRON COVER	31-4	SCREW	74	WASHER
6	FIXING SPRING	31-5	WASHER	75	CABLE
7	BEARING	31-6	ROD OF LOWER HOOK FIX PLATE	76	POWER CONNECTOR SOCKET
8	OIL SEAL	32	POWER CABLE SET	76-1	SCREW
8-1	SCREW	33	CONTROL CABLE	77	SWITCH CONNECTOR SOCKET
9	STATOR	33-1	SWITCH WITH CABLE	78	SCREW
9-1	SCREW	33-2	LANYARD CLIP	79	SWITCH CONNECTOR
10	MAIN BODY BASE	33-3	BINDER OF CABLE	80	FUSE
10-1	GASKET	34	CHAIN GUIDER	81	CABLE HANGER
11	BEARING	35	ROD OF GEAR SHAFT	82	RESISTOR 40W 52OM
12	FIXING SPRING	36	BEARING	83	FIX PLATE
13	GEAR	37	BEARING	83-1	SCREW
14	FIXING SPRING	38	GEAR	84	FIX PIN
15	FIRST SECTION GEAR SHAFT	39	FIXING BASE OF GEAR SHAFT	84-1	SCREW
15-1	KEY	40	SCREW	85	BRIDGE TYPE REGULATOR
16	BEARING	41	FIX SPRING	85-1	SCREW
17	OIL SEAL	42	OIL SEAL	85-2	REGULATOR W/ VARISTOR
18	GEAR COVR	43	THIRD SECTION GEAR SHAFT	86	SCREW
18-1	SCREW	43-1	KEY	87	PLASTIC TUBE
18-2	SCREW	44	OIL SEAL	88	FIX PLATE
19	LEFT MAIN BODY SHEET	45	BEARING	89	ELECTRIC BOX
20	UPPER HOOK	46	FIX SPRING	89-1	SCREW
20-1	LOWER HOOK	47	BEARING	90	CARBON BRUSH SET PROTECTION
21	MAIN BODY COVER	48	BEARING	91	NUTS
21-1	MAIN BODY COVER	49	GEAR REDUCE BOX OF SECOND LAYER	91-1	NUTS
22	FIX ROD OF MAIN BODY	49-1	GASKET	92	BASE OF CARBON BRUSH
22-1	FIX ROD OF MAIN BODY	50	SCREW	93	CARBON BRUSH
22-2	WASHER	51	BEARING	94	CARBON BRUSH COVER
23	FIX SPRING	52	THIRD SECTION GEAR	95	SWITCH PLASTIC TUBE
24	BEARING	53	FIX SPRING	95-1	SWITCH TUBE COVER
25	BASE OFCHAIN SHEAVE	54	BEARING	96	CARBON BRUSH PROTECTION
26	RIGHT MAIN BODY SHEET	55	THIRD SECTION GEAR SHAFT	97	SCREW
27	CHAIN (6.3MM)	56	PLATE	98	SWITCH COVER
27-1	CHAIN SHEAVE	57	PAWL BRAKE LINING	98-1	STICKER
28	CHAIN SHEET IRON	57-1	PRESS DISK TYPE SPRING	99	FIX PLATE
28-1	SCREW	58	BRAKE DEPRESSOR (LOWER)	99-1	SCREW
28-2	WASHER	59	COPPER COVER	100	INTERNAL SWITCH CONNECTOR
28-3	CHAIN STOPPED BLOCK	60	PRESS DISK TYPE SPRING	101	SWTICH COVER
29	CHAIN BAG	61	KEYLESS GEAR	102	SCREW
29-1	CHAIN BAG	62	NUTS FIXING SHEET	103	SCREW
29-2	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	63	NUTS	104	WASHER
29-3	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	64	TORQUE LIMITED NUTS	105	SWITCH WITHOUT CABLE
29-4	ROD OF CHAIN BAG	65	BAKE DEPRESSOR (UPPER)	106	2 CHAIN FALLS LOWER HOOK A'SSY
29-5	WASHER	66	BEARING		
29-6	WASHER	67	Gasket		
30	CHAIN GUIDE WHEEL	68	FIRST LAYER GEAR BOX		
30-1	ROD OF LOWER HOOK FIX PLATE	68-1	SCREW		

# 8-2 Electrical system drawings and part list MODEL:DU-825/901/902 - Electrical system drawings



MODEL:DU-825/901/902 - part list

Item	Description	Specification
	PUSE BUTTON SWITCH	UP / DOWN 500V 2.2KW
D2	EMEWGENCT STOP	10A 250V
D3	CONNECTORS 7-PM	30
D4	CONNECTORS 7-PM	30⊕ 15A 250V
05	MOTOR ROTOR	
D6	RESISTOR	<b>40W 52</b> Ω
D7	MOTOR STATOR	
D8	BRIDGE RECTIFIER	52A 1200V
D9	BRIDGE RECTIFIER	50A 1200V
D10	FUSE	