

USER AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL LIFTING FORK

This user and maintenance manual was drafted according to the Standard ISO 12100-2:2009.

It complies with the Machinery Directive 2006/42/EC.

It complies with requirements in Standard EN 13155:2009 type C.

Reference standards:

EN ISO 12100-1 Machinery safety – Fundamental concepts, main design concepts - Part 1: basic terminology, methodology

EN 10204:2005 Metal products – Type of control documents – Also applicable to non-metal products

ISO 8686-1 Cranes - Design principles for loads and load combinations - General

- ISO International standard
- EN European standard
- CEN European standardisation committee
- ISO International standardisation organisation

In compliance with common CEN/CENELEC regulations, the national standardisation bodies of the following countries must comply with the European standards:

Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Croatia, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Norway, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

Lifting fork to move loads to heights

Introduction

In compliance with accident prevention standards, the company BOSCARO srl. has drafted this instructions booklet to inform users on the most correct use of lifting forks.

We therefore recommend that before using the equipment, you read and comply with all the instructions.

For further load situations not covered in this booklet, comply with common accident prevention standards.

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1. USE AND CONSERVATION OF USER AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

- The user and maintenance manual is for those responsible for installation and maintenance and all user operators during functioning of the equipment, **especially** the parts relevant to **safety** in the workplace.
- The information contained in the manual is used to indicate the correct use of the equipment, according to the design and manufacturing purposes planned.
- Information is also provided on movement, installation, maintenance and servicing, all in compliance with the limitations set by the manufacturer in the manual.
- The user and maintenance manual is an integral part of the equipment and should be conserved until its disposal. The manual should be conserved in a protected place, near the equipment, and easily available for consultation.
- If the manual is damaged or lost, the user must request a copy from the manufacturer.
- The manufacturer reserves the right to make changes to the equipment and the manuals, without updating previous editions.
- The user can request information and updates which, when issued, become an integral part of the user manual.
- In case of terminating the equipment, it must be terminated with this manual, as specified in the Directive 2006/42/EC.

1.1. Cases where manufacturer declines responsibility

The manufacturer declines all responsibility due to:

- Incorrect use of equipment or its use by staff untrained for professional use;
- Use non-compliant with specific standard;
- Incorrect installation;
- Serious lack of planned maintenance and servicing;
- Changes, intervention or handling of any type performed by unauthorised staff.

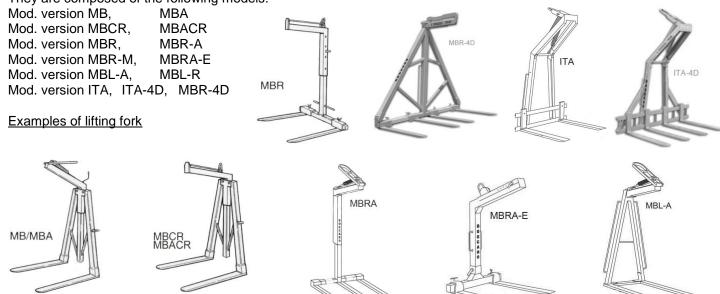
The manufacturing company declines all responsibility when the lifting forks are not used in complete compliance with safety standards.

2. DESCRIPTION OF FORK

Lifting fork: equipment composed of two or more fixed arms on a support with an upper arm, essentially to lift loads on pallets and similar. (point 3.8 EN 13155:2009)

They are used to move any type of pallet and are suitable to lift unit loads (load on pallet wrapped in plastic) to heights and fastened to the fork using a hold device (for example a chain, belt or bar).

They are composed of the following models:



2.1. Technical features

The auto-balancing lifting forks mod. <u>MB and MBA</u>, are essentially composed of two mobile points. On request, you can have a central point which is non-influential on the capacity and is fixed to a mobile sleeve with a through screw. The sleeve moves vertically upwards and downwards and controls opening and closing of the side points using a specific device which guarantees its perfect alignment in any opening position.

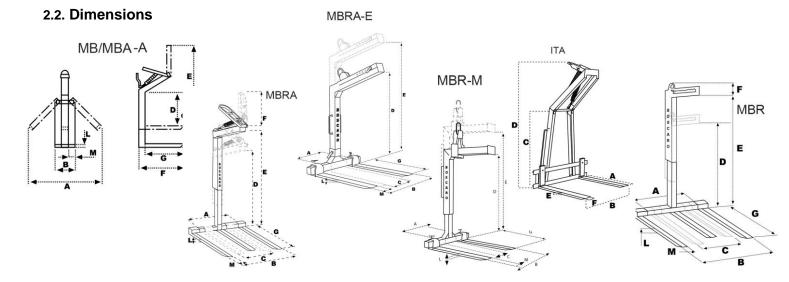
The auto-balancing lifting forks mod. MBRA-E, ITA and ITA-4D are composed of two or four points (mod.ITA-4D) that are adjustable by sliding on a tube (mod. MBRA-E) and on a plate (mod. ITA and ITA-4D). Mod. MBRA-E is also height adjustable at regular intervals.

Lifting forks mod. MBCR and MBACR (not auto-balancing) have the same system to regulate opening of the points on models MB and MBA. Fork balance is obtained by positioning the link on the correct "unload-load" position.

Lifting forks mod. MBR, MBR-M, MBR-4D (not auto-balancing) are composed of two or four side points (mod. MBR-4D) that are adjustable by sliding on a tubular cross-piece on the base. These models are also height adjustable at regular intervals, not mod.MBR-4D.

Lifting forks mod. MBL-A and MBL-R are composed of two, fixed side points. They have different balancing, automatic in mod. MBL-A and manual in mod. MBL-R.

Other models are built based on specific requests and can be auto-balanced or not and with regulation of the points by sliding on tubes or plates.



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COD. ART	PORTATA	DIMENSIONI mm										
JOD. ART	kg	Α	В	C*	D**	E	F	G	L	M	Kg	
1B-06	600	1400	340	1100	1000	2140	1080	1000	25	80	85	
/IB-10	1000	1400	340	1100	1000	2140	1080	1000	25	90	110	
/IB-15	1500	1400	340	1100	1000	2140	1080	1000	30	90	120	
MB-20	2000	1400	340	1100	1000	2140	1080	1000	35	100	136	

					MOD. MB	Α					
COD. ART	PORTATA				DIMI	ENSIONI	mm				PESO
COD. ART	Kg	Α	В	C*	D**	Е	F	G	L	M	kg
MBA-06	600	1600	340	1300	1000	2360	1080	1000	25	80	95
MBA-10	1000	1600	340	1300	1000	2360	1080	1000	25	90	120
MBA-15	1500	1600	340	1300	1000	2360	1080	1000	30	90	130
MBA-20	2000	1600	340	1300	1000	2360	1080	1000	35	100	150
MBA-25	2500	1600	380	1300	1000	2360	1080	1000	35	120	170
MB V-30	3000	1600	380	1300	1000	2360	1080	1000	35	120	175

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COD. ART	PORTATA				DIN	MENSIONI	mm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	C*	D**	E	F	G	L	M	kg
MBCR-10	1000	1400	340	1100	1000	1600	1080	1000	25	90	110
MBCR-15	1500	1400	340	1100	1000	1600	1080	1000	30	90	120
MBCR-20	2000	1400	340	1100	1000	1600	1080	1000	35	100	136

MOD. MBACR

COD. ART	PORTATA				DIME	NSIONI n	nm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	C*	D**	Е	F	G	L	М	kg
MBACR-10	1000	1600	340	1300	1100	1800	1080	1000	25	90	120
MBACR-15	1500	1600	340	1300	1100	1800	1080	1000	30	90	130
MBACR-20	2000	1600	340	1300	1100	1800	1080	1000	35	100	146

MOD. MBR

COD. ART	PORTATA				DIM	IENSIONI	mm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	L	M	kg
MBR-10	1000	1000	1250	300	1000	1450	450	1000	25	90	104
MBR-15	1500	1000	1250	300	1000	1600	450	1000	30	90	140
MBR-20	2000	1000	1250	300	1200	1800	450	1000	35	100	152
MBR-25	2500	1000	1400	300	1200	1800	450	1000	35	120	175
MBR-30	3000	1000	1400	300	1200	1800	450	1000	35	120	185
MBR-4D	2000	1000	1800	1300	1800	30	90				214

MOD. MBRA

COD. ART	PORTATA				DIM	IENSIONI	mm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	L	M	kg
MBRA-10	1000	1000	1250	300	1000	1450	700	1000	25	90	131
MBRA-15	1500	1000	1250	300	1000	1600	700	1000	30	90	140
MBRA-20	2000	1000	1250	300	1200	1800	700	1000	35	100	174
MBRA-25	2500	1000	1400	300	1200	1800	700	1000	35	120	241
MBRA-30	3000	1000	1400	300	1200	1800	700	1000	35	120	250

MOD. MBR-M

COD. ART	PORTATA				DIM	IENSIONI	mm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	С	D	Е	F	G	L	М	kg
MBR-15M	1500	950	1000	400	1100	1640		1000	30	90	155
MBR-20M	2000	950	1000	400	1100	1640		1000	35	100	170
MBR-25M	2500	1000	1400	400	1100	1640		1000	35	120	175
MBR-30M	3000	1000	1400	400	1100	1640		1000	35	120	185

MOD. MBRA-E

COD. ART	PORTATA				DIM	IENSIONI	mm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	L	M	kg
MBRA-15E	1500	950	1000	400	1100	1640		1000	30	90	140
MBRA-20E	2000	950	1000	400	1100	1640		1000	35	100	155

MOD. ITA

COD ART	PORTATA	PORTATA DIMENSIONI mm								PESO	
COD. ART	kg	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G	L	M	kg
ITA-10	1000	1000	850	1270	2250	25	90				135
ITA-15	1500	1000	1200	1270	2250	30	90				165
ITA-20	2000	1000	1200	1270	2250	35	100				180
ITA-4D	2000	1000	1800	1300	2250	30	90				230

MOD. MBL

COD. ART	PORTATA				DIM	ENSIONI mm				PESO
COD. AKT	kg	Α	В	С	D x (MBL-A)	D x (MBL-R)	E	F	M	kg
MBL-10	1000	1000	600	1100	1900	1600	25	90		75
MBL-15	1500	1000	700	1750	2550	2350	30	90		120
MBL-20	2000	1000	735	1750	2550	2350	35	100		138
MBL-25	2500	1000	755	1750	2550	2350	35	120		172

3. USE CONDITIONS

It is necessary to conduct a visual control and general daily control before starting any type of work. Do not use the fork before having clearly understood the indications in this manual.

Check the material to move meets the following requirements:

- Variable dimensions within the field of opening and length of the points.
- The weight of the goods must fall within the capacity indicated on the plate applied to the fork.
- The maximum height must fall within the measurements indicated in the tables above.
- The depth of the pallet or similar must not exceed 100 cm (unless forks are designed and manufactured on requested specifications).
- The maximum length of the pallet or similar must not exceed 20% of the external opening of the two points. Example of fork regulated to 100 cm external point, maximum width allowed for pack 120 cm.
- The material placed on the pallet or similar must guarantee even distribution of the load above the fork points.
- when using a fork lift in a worksite, make sure the protection net is in position.

Operating method:

Unit loads

The **lifting forks** were designed and manufactured to move and lift any unit material placed on a pallet or similar to heights, according to the requirements indicated in points 3.8 and 5.2.5 EN 13155:2009;

The pallets used to move materials to heights (**re-usable customised wooden pallets**) must meet the requirements indicated in the definitions of Standard EN ISO 445:2009;

The re-usable customised wooden pallets must be marked;

The loads on the pallets to be moved to a height must be identified as a unit load (point 5.2.5.5 EN 13155:2009);

The unit load on the pallet must be wrapped in plastic (thermo-retractable film) and supported with crossed supports. The support materials must meet UNI reference standards. The load must be certified by the manufacturer.

Before forking the load, the operator verifies the unit load is not damaged;

Having forked the load secure it with the lifting fork, using the **hold device** (band or chain), to avoid it sliding during the lifting phase.

Proceed to lifting. The authorised employees must conduct the various movements according to the information and training received, and/or in relation to their experience matured over their working lives.

Non-unit loads

The **lifting forks** were designed and manufactured to move and lift any unit material placed on a pallet or similar to heights, according to the requirements indicated in points 3.8 and 5.2.5 EN 13155:2009;

A non-unit load is loose material placed on a pallet or material on a pallet without plastic wrapping and/or crossed supports or plastic or deteriorated supports. A non-unit load is also material wrapped in plastic and supported, placed on a disposable pallet (Standard EN ISO 445:2009);

To lift <u>non-unit loads</u>, systems must be exclusively used that prevent all and/or part of the load falling. In this case the lifting fork, compliant with Standard EN 13155:2009, should be used combined with the <u>secondary positive hold device</u> or rather a metal bin manufactured by us or the load protective net provided by us.

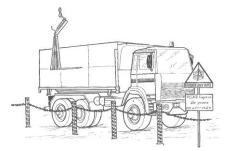
Proceed to lifting. The authorised employees must conduct the various movements according to the information and training received, and/or in relation to their experience matured over their working lives.

To use secondary positive hold devices, consult the relevant user and maintenance manuals.

It is strictly forbidden to use the lifting fork to lift loose materials to heights or using methods other than those indicated.

4. GENERAL SAFETY SPECIFICATIONS

- Operators must use IPDs (Individual Protection Devices) made available to them and in compliance with the information and training they have received.
- Individual contracting companies will proceed to inform, train and qualify their employees (crane operators and those loading and unloading) on the correct actions to take when lifting and moving loads to heights. It being understood that employees such as crane operators must be trained.
- It is necessary to choose equipment compatible with own machinery. The total mass of the suspended load should fall within the nominal capacity of the lifting equipment during normal use conditions.
- > The combination of the lifting equipment with the load hold moving equipment must only be activated by staff trained for this use and under safe conditions.
- Lifting and support must occur under controlled conditions and under the management of a specifically designated person.
- > The operations involved in using the lifting equipment with the load hold moving equipment should be suspended in the event of winds exceeding the maximum speed planned (which would no longer enable the complete control of the machine) and storms, ice, snow, fog or other adverse weather conditions which could compromise staff safety.
- Where multiple machines are used simultaneously in the same location, communication among crane operators must occur via transceivers, with the crane operator always having one in his hand and the operator on the ground responsible for the harnesses having the other.
- Measures must be taken to ensure employees do not stay under the suspended loads.
- It is not permitted to pass loads over unprotected workplaces, usually occupied by employees.
- ➤ It is strictly forbidden to use the equipment before having blocked access to the work area for people and/or animals. For this reason, it is necessary to fence off the area and implement all measures considered appropriate to make the work safer.
- Signs must be clearly visible that indicate forbidden access to the work area to unauthorised employees and the danger of suspended loads.



- Transit is strictly forbidden in the working radius of the equipment.
- Danger of falling materials.
- Danger of crushing.
- Danger of knocks.
- > Transit is strictly forbidden with the load outside the enabled work area.
- The load hold moving equipment (lifting forks and gravity activated pliers) are suitable for lifting and movement of unit loads placed on pallets or similar (see point 5.2.5 and point 5.2.7 EN 13155:2009).
- > Any intervention on the equipment should take place on the ground and in a stable position.
- > Safety of the equipment is linked to the efficiency of the safety systems on the machine on which they are assembled.
- > The machine must have an acoustic alarm device to warn people the machine and equipment are operating.

5. INSTRUCTIONS

5.1 For staff

- Lifting operations to move loads to heights must be performed by staff specialising in and trained for this activity. Never allow use by production staff or temporary staff in general.
- It is forbidden to abandon the workplace with load hold moving equipment operating.

5.2. For transport and warehousing

 Adequate means must be used for lifting and transport based on weight and dimensions. To lift, connect to the ring placed over the fork using the crane hook or chain firmly connected to it.
 Warehousing of the fork must be carefully conducted, ensuring its stability.



5.3. For use

- Use equipment exclusively for lifting and moving materials with features as described in point 3.
- Ensure the material to move has a weight that falls within the capacity indicated on the identification plate of the fork and, obviously, that the material and the equipment fall within the capacity of the crane.
- Important. To correctly use the fork, it is indispensable to place a welded mesh chain between the crane hook and the fork ring. The chain must have an upper end with a ring and the lower part with an entry closure hook. Ensure the chain is suitable for the weight of the load supported, with multiple materials forked (Standards EN 814-4).
- During operations using the fork, it must be grasped using your hands only using the specific handles.

To regulate point width, proceed as follows:

Mod. MB, MBA, MBCR, MBACR

- With fork on the ground and without load, laterally push the neck until point slightly lifts, with the weight weighing on the other point;
- Use your heel to move the point slightly lifted outwards to the desired width;
- To block the points, release the fork and screw the hand wheel situated on the upper part up to contrast;
- To close, gradually unscrew the hand wheel and push the neck to the side. The points will slowly close until the fork is released.

Mod. MBR MBR-A MBR-M MBRA-E ITA

- With fork without load and lifted, loosen the wing screws placed over the sleeves on the base;
- Regulate the width of the points and block them by screwing the wing screws in.

The MBR, MBR-A, MBR-M and MBRA-E models are also height adjustable; proceed as follows:

- Connect the equipment to the crane as described in point 5.2 and rest it on the ground with no load;
- Remove the through plug. The upper tube is free to slide on the lower one;
- Lift the upper part of the fork with the crane to the desired height, corresponding to the perforations;
- Block the fork by re-inserting the through plug and the safety stop.



Positioning the ring on the different neck points (MBR – MBCR - MBACR):

- 1) Fork slightly tilted forward to insert and remove pallet points more easily;
- 2) Balanced fork with full load.





• The external points must be opened as much as possible based on the dimensions of the material moved and in any case they must **always remain inside** the pallet cross-pieces.



 To correctly lift materials remember that the centre of gravity of the pack lifted must coincide with that of the lifting fork.

Non-compliance with this condition can cause:

- The load to tip;
- Overloading of the two teeth or worse, only one of the two.
- The capacity indicated on the marking relates to the load uniformly distributed on both points.
- Avoid moving the load using the end parts of the points.

Having forked the load, before starting to lift it, secure it with a chain or belt, suitable for this
purpose, to the specific hooks placed on the side supports of the fork. The ends of the chains or
belts must be equipped with an anti-unhooking device and the length must ensure the right
tension during the transport operational phase.



Safety precautions to conduct with anchoring system using belt

- Before use always visually inspect anchorage.
- Never use if damaged (for example cuts on belt and/or deformations on metal parts).
- Comply with the tensioning value planned for anchorage.
- Use edge guards on sharp edges.
- Avoid exposure to heat sources over 100°C.
- Do not knot or twist the belt.
- When moving and lifting materials, avoid abrupt acceleration and jolts. Increase speed progressively and use the buzzer alarm on the crane to signal the start of the movement operations.
- Avoid using the equipment to strap or pull any object, since the equipment was designed to support loads in a vertical position. This manoeuvre may be dangerous.
- When the work phase is complete, ensure the fork points are free of any types of material.

Non-compliance with the aforementioned instructions may create dangerous situations and/or damage the equipment, making it unsafe.

6. MAINTENANCE AND REPLACEMENT OF COMPONENTS SUBJECTED TO NORMAL WEAR

- A control must be conducted by previously assigned, trained and qualified staff on the use of the load hold moving equipment (forks and pliers), it being understood that employees must be trained to work on the crane.
- The control on the information, training and qualifications provided must be backed up by a report on the training provided, kept by the contractor.
- Any maintenance or service operations must be conducted with the equipment resting on the ground in a stable position.

We recommend that checks of the efficiency and good maintenance of the materials constituting these accessories are carried out at least on a quarterly basis.

Remember also that on the basis of the above, if reductions greater than 10% are detected in the section of the constituent elements of the accessories, the accessory must be replaced. This replacement must be carried out also when, as a result of stress, the material exceeds its elastic capacity with a permanent effect.

6.1. Ordinary maintenance

The fork lift must be compulsorily inspected:

- whenever it is removed from the warehouse and every day before start up in the worksite;
- after a repair;
- during the service life of the equipment.

Control of the equipment is necessary to ensure the efficiency of the equipment and consists of:

- · Checking there are no cracks in the welding;
- Checking the range conditions of the pivots and in particular point alignment;
- Checking for breakages and/or deformations on the metal structure;
- · Checking the conditions of the screws and correct tightening of the nuts;
- Checking the status of the spring, where present, in particular any cracks that can occur with onerous use;
- Periodically greasing the regulation locking wheel on the models versions MB and MBA and versions MBCR and MBACR;
- Replacing the worn parts with original replacement parts provided by the manufacturing company.

In the case any anomalies are detected contact the manufacturer for the servicing of the device. Operations conducted incorrectly make the equipment dangerous. All repair and servicing of the forks must be performed by qualified personnel at our facilities. The use of aftermarket parts may compromise the safety of the device, as well as invalidate the CE compliance of the equipment.

6.2. Replacing the spring (where present)

The lifting fork springs are very stressed parts and are subject to normal wear during use. The springs with defects (for example cracks) or stress due to heavy loads, also following onerous or careless use, must be replaced.

The spring must be replaced in the following circumstances:

- When cracked.
- · When stressed.
- In any case, after 2 years from the purchase date due to natural deterioration of the spring.

The replaced spring must be disposed of as special waste.

6.3 Replacement of the restraint (belt with ratchet)

The restraint (belt or chain), must be replaced in the following cases:

- wear and tear due to normal use of the device;
- damage (cuts on the strap and/or deformation of the metal parts) resulting from improper use and/or as a result of severe stress even after containment of the load (for having fulfilled its purpose);
- after 2 years from date of purchase in any event, due to natural deterioration of the belt.

The device replaced must be disposed of as special waste

6.4. Conservation

The equipment must rest on the ground in a stable position during storage and in a dry place far from dangerous substances which could affect the components (for example acid, alkaline solutions and solvents).

7. USE LIMITATIONS

The equipment was designed and dimensioned for use equal to 20,000 lifting cycles. Once this limit is reached it must be serviced in our workshop and if necessary replaced.

Wear of the lifting fork is subject to various situations (such as conservation and care during use), therefore the lifting cycles also depend on the aforementioned circumstances.

8. GUARANTEE

The company Boscaro guarantees its device for a maximum period of 12 months from the delivery date for material and construction defects.

On receiving the goods, check:

- The data reported on the transport document (addressee, type of goods, number of packages);
- That the goods received are undamaged.

IN CASE OF ANOMALIES, IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE CARRIER, WITH WRITTEN RESERVATION ON THE TRANSPORT DOCUMENT AND ADVISE BOSCARO S.R.L. WITHIN 8 DAYS OF RECEIPT OF THE GOODS.

If manufacturing defects are found, the purchaser is obliged to communicate such defects within 8 days from the date of receipt to Boscaro srl. which will undertake to resolve the anomaly as quickly as possible without any additional costs.

The guarantee excludes parts that were damaged due to carelessness or negligence during use, inadequate maintenance, improper use or normal wear, defects due to tampering, damage caused due to transport, non-compliance with the information contained in this manual and any other circumstances which cannot be attributed to manufacturing defects.

The lifting fork whether repaired under guarantee or not must be accompanied by the photocopy of the invoice and the user and maintenance manual.

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS

Note Date	Operation	Outcome	Signature
	_		

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIRS Note Date Signature Operation Outcome



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